

CUET Political Science Set-1

Year 2025

Time Allowed: 60 minutes	Maximum Marks: 250	Total Questions: 50	Number of questions to be answered : 50
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Kindly read the Instructions given on this Page and Back Page carefully before attempting this Question Paper.

Important Instructions for the Candidates :

1. This Test contains 50 questions printed in English. Out of these, the candidate is required to answer all 50 questions.
2. Each question has four answer options. Out of these four options choose the MOST APPROPRIATE OPTION.
3. Five (5) marks will be given for each correct answer. One (1) mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Unanswered questions will be given no mark.

Q1. The concept of "Responsibility to Protect (R2P)" is associated with:

- (a) UN General Assembly
- (b) NATO
- (c) International Criminal Court
- (d) World Bank

Q2. The 73rd Amendment (1992) strengthened:

- (a) Urban governance
- (b) Panchayati Raj
- (c) Judiciary
- (d) President's powers

Q3. "The Non-Aligned Movement sought to maintain neutrality during Cold War tensions."
Question: Its founding conference was held in:

- (a) Bandung (1955)
- (b) Belgrade (1961)
- (c) Havana (1979)
- (d) New Delhi (1983)

Q4. Match Column I (Movement) with Column II (Leader):

Column I (Movement)	Column II (Leader)
A) Chipko Movement	I) Medha Patkar
B) Narmada Bachao	II) Andhra women
C) Anti-Arrack Movement	III) Sundarlal Bahuguna

- a) A-III, B-I, C-II
- b) A-I, B-II, C-III
- c) A-II, B-III, C-I
- d) A-III, B-II, C-I

Q5. The Allahabad High Court verdict (1975) invalidated Indira Gandhi's election due to:

- (a) Electoral fraud
- (b) Abuse of state machinery
- (c) Corruption charges
- (d) Defection

Q6. The Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) was founded in which year?

Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) 1945
- (b) 1955
- (c) 1961
- (d) 1975

Q7. The "Axis of Evil" phrase was coined by:

- (a) George W. Bush
- (b) Barack Obama
- (c) Donald Trump
- (d) Bill Clinton

Q8. "The IMF provides loans to countries facing balance-of-payments crises."

Question: Its voting system is based on:

- (a) One-country-one-vote
- (b) Economic contribution quotas
- (c) Population size
- (d) Military strength

Q9. Which organization is NOT related to environmental governance?

- (a) IPCC
- (b) Greenpeace
- (c) WTO
- (d) UNEP

Q10. The "Brexit" referendum (2016) resulted in the withdrawal of which country from the EU?

- (a) France
- (b) Germany
- (c) United Kingdom
- (d) Italy

Q11. "The 2008 Mumbai attacks highlighted transnational terrorism challenges."

Question: The attackers came via:

- (a) Nepal border
- (b) Arabian Sea
- (c) Bangladesh border
- (d) Pakistan-occupied Kashmir

Q12. "The Kashmir conflict involved Pakistan-supported tribal raids in 1947."

Question: The temporary ceasefire line established in 1949 is now called:

- (a) Radcliffe Line
- (b) LOC
- (c) McMahon Line
- (d) Durand Line

Q13. The first coalition government at the Centre was formed in:

- (a) 1977 (Janata Party)
- (b) 1989 (National Front)
- (c) 1996 (United Front)
- (d) 1998 (NDA)

Q14. The 73rd Constitutional Amendment (1992) is primarily associated with:

- (a) Reservation for OBCs in jobs
- (b) Empowerment of Panchayati Raj institutions
- (c) Abolition of Privy Purses
- (d) Creation of new states

Q15. Arrange the following events in chronological order, from earliest to latest:

- I. Indo-China War
- II. Tashkent Agreement
- III. Shimla Agreement
- IV. Kargil War

Options:

- a) I, II, III, IV
- b) II, I, IV, III
- c) III, IV, I, II
- d) IV, III, II, I

Q16. The slogan "Jai Bhim" is associated with:

- (a) Ambedkarite movement
- (b) Naxalite movement
- (c) Khalistan movement
- (d) Chipko movement

Q17. The primary goal of the IAEA is to:

- (a) Regulate global trade
- (b) Promote peaceful nuclear technology
- (c) Coordinate military alliances
- (d) Manage climate funds

Q18. The Gulf War (1991) was fought between Iraq and a coalition led by:
Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) USA
- (b) USSR
- (c) China
- (d) United Nations

Q19. The term "Iron Curtain" was popularized by which leader?

- (a) Joseph Stalin
- (b) Winston Churchill
- (c) Harry Truman
- (d) Nikita Khrushchev

Q20. Which two superpowers were involved in the Cold War?
Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) USA and China
- (b) USA and USSR
- (c) UK and France
- (d) Germany and Japan

Q21. The States Reorganization Act (1956) was based on the recommendations of:
Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) Sarkaria Commission
- (b) Fazl Ali Commission
- (c) Kothari Commission
- (d) Rajamannar Committee

Q22. Operation Desert Storm (1991) was related to:

- (a) Vietnam War
- (b) Gulf War
- (c) Afghan War
- (d) Korean War

Q23. The "Washington Consensus" refers to:

- (a) Cold War strategies
- (b) Neoliberal economic policies
- (c) UN peacekeeping rules
- (d) Climate change agreements

Q24. The Instrument of Accession for Jammu and Kashmir was signed on:
Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) 15 August 1947
- (b) 26 October 1947
- (c) 30 January 1948
- (d) 5 August 2019

Q25. The Mandal Commission was implemented by PM:

- (a) Indira Gandhi
- (b) Rajiv Gandhi
- (c) V.P. Singh
- (d) P.V. Narasimha Rao

Q26. The Kyoto Protocol primarily addressed:

- (a) Nuclear disarmament
- (b) Greenhouse gas emissions
- (c) Ocean pollution
- (d) Deforestation

Q27. "The BRICS grouping challenges Western dominance in global governance."
Question: Which country is NOT a BRICS member?

- (a) South Africa
- (b) Mexico
- (c) Brazil
- (d) India

Q28. The International Court of Justice (ICJ) is located in:

- (a) New York
- (b) Geneva
- (c) The Hague
- (d) Vienna

Q29. "The Janata Party government (1977–79) failed due to internal conflicts."

Question: Its key achievement was:

- (a) Economic reforms
- (b) Restoring democracy
- (c) Land reforms
- (d) Nuclear tests

Q30. The 1991 economic reforms included:

- (a) Abolishing License Raj
- (b) Nationalizing banks
- (c) Land redistribution
- (d) Banning FDI

Q31. The UN Security Council's permanent members include:

- (a) India, Japan, Germany
- (b) USA, Russia, China
- (c) Brazil, South Africa, Nigeria
- (d) Australia, Canada, Italy

Q32. "The 1990s saw regional parties like DMK and TDP gaining national influence."

Question: This trend reflected:

- (a) Decline of Congress
- (b) Rise of federalism
- (c) Both (a) & (b)
- (d) Economic liberalization

Q33. Match the following alliances with their purposes:

Years: 2022, 2023

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| A. NATO | I. Counter NATO in Eastern Europe |
| B. Warsaw Pact | II. Collective defense against communism in Asia |
| C. SEATO | III. Western military alliance |

- a) A-III, B-I, C-II
- b) A-I, B-II, C-III
- c) A-II, B-III, C-I
- d) A-III, B-II, C-I

Q34. Arrange the following events in chronological order, from earliest to latest:

- I. Mandal Protests
- II. Green Revolution
- III. Farmers' Delhi March
- IV. Anti-Emergency Movement

Options:

- a) II, IV, I, III
- b) IV, II, III, I
- c) I, III, II, IV
- d) III, I, IV, II

Q35. India's nuclear doctrine emphasizes:

- (a) First-use policy
- (b) No-first-use policy
- (c) Preemptive strikes
- (d) Disarmament only

Q36. "Globalization increased privatization post-1991."

Question: A key sector opened to private players was:

- (a) Defense
- (b) Railways
- (c) Telecommunications
- (d) Atomic energy

Q37. The States Reorganization Commission (1953) was headed by:

- (a) K.M. Panikkar
- (b) Fazl Ali
- (c) H.N. Kunzru
- (d) Vallabhbhai Patel

Q38. Match Column I (Emergency Provision) with Column II (Article of the Constitution):

Column I (Emergency Provision)	Column II (Article)
A) National Emergency	I) Article 356
B) President's Rule	II) Article 360
C) Financial Emergency	III) Article 352

- a) A-III, B-I, C-II
- b) A-I, B-II, C-III
- c) A-II, B-III, C-I
- d) A-III, B-II, C-I

Q39. The Tashkent Agreement (1966) was signed after which war?

Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) Indo-China War (1962)
- (b) Indo-Pak War (1965)
- (c) Kargil War (1999)
- (d) Bangladesh Liberation War (1971)

Q40. The main reason for the partition of India in 1947 was:

Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) British divide-and-rule policy
- (b) Religious tensions between Hindus and Muslims
- (c) Economic disparities between regions
- (d) Linguistic differences

Q41. Match Column I (Leader) with Column II (Role in Integration of Princely States):

Column I (Leader)

A) Sardar Patel

B) V.P. Menon

C) Jawaharlal Nehru

Column II (Role)

I) Drafted Instrument of Accession

II) First Deputy PM

III) Advised princely states to join India

- a) A-II, B-I, C-III
- b) A-I, B-III, C-II
- c) A-III, B-II, C-I
- d) A-II, B-III, C-I

Q42. The first Home Minister of India, responsible for integrating princely states, was:

Years: 2022, 2023

- (a) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (b) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- (c) Rajendra Prasad
- (d) C. Rajagopalachari

Q43. The "Green Revolution" in India initially focused on increasing production of:

- (a) Cotton and jute
- (b) Wheat and rice
- (c) Tea and coffee
- (d) Oilseeds and pulses

Q44. Match Column I (Cold War Event) with Column II (Year):

Column I (Cold War Event)	Column II (Year)
A) Berlin Wall construction	I) 1962
B) Cuban Missile Crisis	II) 1961
C) Fall of USSR	III) 1991

- a) A-II, B-I, C-III
- b) A-I, B-II, C-III
- c) A-II, B-III, C-I
- d) A-I, B-III, C-II

Q45. The Ayodhya verdict (2019) allocated land for:

- (a) Mosque only
- (b) Temple only
- (c) Both temple and mosque
- (d) Public library

Q46. Arrange the following events in chronological order, from earliest to latest:

- I. Invasion of Afghanistan
- II. 9/11 attacks
- III. Iraq War (2003)
- IV. Death of Osama bin Laden

- a) II, I, III, IV
- b) II, I, IV, III
- c) III, IV, I, II
- d) IV, III, II, I

Q47. Match Column I (Party) with Column II (Founding Leader):

Column I (Party)	Column II (Founding Leader)
A) BJP	I) Kanshi Ram
B) BSP	II) Mamata Banerjee
C) TMC	III) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee

- a) A-III, B-I, C-II
- b) A-I, B-II, C-III
- c) A-II, B-III, C-I
- d) A-III, B-II, C-I

Q48. The Panchsheel Agreement was signed during Nehru's visit to:

- (a) China (1954)
- (b) USSR (1955)
- (c) USA (1961)
- (d) Egypt (1956)

Q49. Match Column I (Terrorist Group) with Column II (Region of Operation):

Column I (Terrorist Group)	Column II (Region)
A) ISIS	I) South Asia
B) Lashkar-e-Taiba	II) West Africa
C) Boko Haram	III) Middle East

- a) A-III, B-I, C-II
- b) A-I, B-II, C-III
- c) A-II, B-III, C-I
- d) A-III, B-II, C-I

Q50. The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) aims to:

- (a) Promote nuclear energy
- (b) Prevent new nuclear states
- (c) Ban all nuclear weapons
- (d) Support nuclear testing

Answer key:

Q No.	Ans	Q No.	Ans
1	a	26	b
2	b	27	b
3	b	28	c
4	a	29	b
5	b	30	a
6	c	31	b
7	a	32	c
8	b	33	a
9	c	34	a
10	c	35	b
11	b	36	c
12	b	37	b
13	b	38	a
14	b	39	b
15	a	40	b
16	a	41	a
17	b	42	b
18	a	43	b
19	b	44	a
20	b	45	c
21	b	46	a
22	b	47	a
23	b	48	a
24	b	49	a
25	c	50	b