

CUET History Set-4

Year 2025

Time Allowed: **60** minutes

Maximum Marks: **250**

Total Questions: **50**

Number of questions to be answered : **50**

Kindly read the Instructions given on this Page and Back Page carefully before attempting this Question Paper.

Important Instructions for the Candidates :

1. This Test contains 50 questions printed in English. Out of these, the candidate is required to answer all 50 questions.
2. Each question has four answer options. Out of these four options choose the MOST APPROPRIATE OPTION.
3. Five (5) marks will be given for each correct answer. One (1) mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Unanswered questions will be given no mark.

Q1. Gandhi's decision to suspend the Non-Cooperation Movement after Chauri Chaura demonstrated his:

- a) Commitment to non-violence above political gains
- b) Fear of British repression
- c) Willingness to compromise with moderates
- d) Focus on economic issues over political ones

Q2. Which sequence correctly orders these land revenue systems?

- A) Permanent Settlement → Mahalwari → Ryotwari → Bengal Tenancy Act
- B) Permanent Settlement → Ryotwari → Mahalwari → Bengal Tenancy Act
- C) Ryotwari → Permanent Settlement → Mahalwari → Bengal Tenancy Act
- D) Mahalwari → Ryotwari → Permanent Settlement → Bengal Tenancy Act

Q3. The 'Drafting Committee' had ____ members:

(2022, 2023, 2024)

- a) 5
- b) 7
- c) 9
- d) 11

Q4. Match the Harappan sites with their unique features:

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| 1. Dholavira | A) Bronze dancing girl |
| 2. Lothal | B) Water reservoirs |
| 3. Mohenjo-daro | C) Dockyard |
| 4. Kalibangan | D) Fire altars |

Options:

- a) 1-B, 2-C, 3-A, 4-D
- b) 1-C, 2-A, 3-B, 4-D
- c) 1-D, 2-B, 3-C, 4-A
- d) 1-A, 2-D, 3-B, 4-C

Q5. The 'Poona Pact' altered:

(2022, 2023)

- a) Separate electorates
- b) Reserved seats for Depressed Classes
- c) Linguistic states
- d) Land reforms

Q6. The _____ system in Madras Presidency allowed ryots to appeal revenue rates directly to collectors.

- A) Mahalwari
- B) Zamindari
- C) Ryotwari
- D) Inamdari

Q7. Nana Saheb's rebellion was uniquely funded by:
(2024)

- a) French support
- b) Confiscated treasury of Bithur
- c) Maratha gold reserves
- d) Bengali merchants

Q8. The term 'Raiyatwari' referred to:

- a) Landlords
- b) Peasant proprietors
- c) Revenue officials
- d) Moneylenders

Q9. Assertion: The Permanent Settlement created a class of absentee landlords.
Reason: Many zamindars preferred living in cities while sub-leasing lands.

- A) Both true and R explains A
- B) Both true but no relation
- C) A true, R false
- D) A false, R true

Q10. A: Indigo cultivation declined after the 1859 Blue Rebellion.

R: Peasants successfully resisted forced cultivation through legal battles.

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.

Q11. Match the Bhakti saints with their compositions:

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1. Kabir | A) Abhangas |
| 2. Tukaram | B) Bijak |
| 3. Mirabai | C) Padavali |
| 4. Chaitanya | D) Kirtanas |

Options:

- a) 1-A, 2-C, 3-D, 4-B
- b) 1-C, 2-D, 3-A, 4-B
- c) 1-D, 2-B, 3-C, 4-A
- d) 1-B, 2-A, 3-C, 4-D

Q12. The 'Direct Action Day' violence was most intense in:

- a) Lahore
- b) Dhaka
- c) Calcutta
- d) Amritsar

Q13. The 'Azamgarh Proclamation' promised protection to:
(2022, 2023)

- a) Only Hindus
- b) All religions equally
- c) British loyalists
- d) Landed elites

Q14. The 'Objective Resolution' moved by Nehru in 1946 became the basis for:

- a) The Union Powers Committee report
- b) The Directive Principles
- c) The Fundamental Rights section
- d) The Preamble of the Indian Constitution

Q15. Which center saw the longest siege (148 days) in 1857?

- a) Delhi
- b) Lucknow
- c) Kanpur
- d) Jhansi

Q16. Which report exposed peasant exploitation in Ryotwari areas?

- A) Hunter Commission Report
- B) Deccan Riots Commission Report
- C) Famine Commission Report
- D) Sedition Committee Report

Q17. Match the British officials with their reforms:

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Cornwallis | A) Ryotwari System |
| 2. Thomas Munro | B) Permanent Settlement |
| 3. Holt Mackenzie | C) Doctrine of Lapse |
| 4. Dalhousie | D) Mahalwari System |

Options:

- a) 1-D, 2-B, 3-C, 4-A
- b) 1-C, 2-D, 3-A, 4-B
- c) 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C
- d) 1-A, 2-C, 3-B, 4-D

Q18. The 'Lottery Committee' in Calcutta funded:
(2022, 2023)

- a) Missionary schools
- b) Drainage & road projects
- c) Police reforms
- d) Port development

Q19. Arrange these 1857 events chronologically:

- A) Meerut Mutiny → Delhi Capture → Kanpur Massacre → Lucknow Siege
- B) Delhi Capture → Meerut Mutiny → Lucknow Siege → Kanpur Massacre
- C) Kanpur Massacre → Meerut Mutiny → Delhi Capture → Lucknow Siege
- D) Lucknow Siege → Delhi Capture → Meerut Mutiny → Kanpur Massacre

Q20. The 'Radcliffe Line' was finalized on:
(2023)

- a) 15 August 1947
- b) 17 August 1947
- c) 3 June 1947
- d) 26 January 1950

Q21. The 'Objective Resolution' was moved by:
(2023, 2024)

- a) Patel
- b) Nehru
- c) Ambedkar
- d) Prasad

Q22. Match the leaders with their titles:

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| 1.Nana Saheb | A) Nawab of Awadh |
| 2.Begum Hazrat | B) Dhondhu Pant |
| 3.Kunwar Singh | C) Raja of Arrah |
| 4.Birjis Qadr | D) Begum of Awadh |

- a) 1-B, 2-D, 3-C, 4-A
- b) 1-D, 2-A, 3-B, 4-C
- c) 1-A, 2-C, 3-D, 4-B
- d) 1-C, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D

Q23. The _____ Proclamation promised to abolish taxes on artisans and shopkeepers.

- A) Delhi
- B) Azamgarh
- C) Arrah
- D) Faizabad

Q24. The 'Deccan Riots Commission' (1875) revealed peasant anger against:
(2023, 2024)

- a) British planters
- b) Tribal landlords
- c) Gujarati moneylenders
- d) Zamindari abuses

Q25. The 'White Town' in Madras was characterized by:

- a) Mixed population
- b) European-style bungalows
- c) Native markets
- d) Industrial zones

Q26. Which region remained largely unaffected by 1857?

- A) Punjab
- B) Madras Presidency
- C) Awadh
- D) Central India

Q27. The 'Mahalwari System' covered:
(2024)

- a) Bengal & Bihar
- b) Punjab & NW Provinces
- c) Madras Presidency
- d) Princely States

Q28. Which sequence correctly orders these agrarian reforms?

- A) Permanent Settlement → Ryotwari → Mahalwari → Bengal Tenancy Act
- B) Ryotwari → Permanent Settlement → Bengal Tenancy Act → Mahalwari
- C) Mahalwari → Permanent Settlement → Ryotwari → Bengal Tenancy Act
- D) Bengal Tenancy Act → Ryotwari → Mahalwari → Permanent Settlement

Q29. The _____ was the British officer who recaptured Delhi in 1857.

- A) Lord Dalhousie
- B) John Nicholson
- C) Henry Lawrence
- D) James Outram

Q30. The 'Pabna Agrarian League' used:
(2023)

- a) Violent uprisings
- b) Legal petitions & rent strikes
- c) Religious mobilization
- d) Foreign funding

Q31. The _____ Committee planned the drainage system of colonial Bombay.

- A) Lottery
- B) Improvement Trust
- C) Sanitary
- D) Port Trust

Q32. The 'Chauri Chaura' incident led to suspension of:
(2022, 2023, 2024)

- a) Quit India Movement
- b) Non-Cooperation Movement
- c) Civil Disobedience
- d) Khilafat agitation

Q33. The 'Rampa Rebellion' leader was:
(2023)

- a) Birsa Munda
- b) Alluri Sitarama Raju
- c) Tantia Tope
- d) Sidhu Murmu

Q34. The 'Cabinet Mission' proposed:
(2022, 2024)

- a) Dominion status
- b) Three-tier federal structure
- c) Partition
- d) Princely states' autonomy

Q35. Which was the first Indian city to get a municipal corporation?

- A) Bombay
- B) Calcutta
- C) Madras
- D) Delhi

Q36. Which Bhakti saint composed 'Abhangas' in Marathi?

- A) Kabir
- B) Tukaram
- C) Namdev
- D) Chaitanya

Q37. Arrange chronologically:

- A) Champaran → Kheda → Rowlatt Satyagraha → Dandi March
- B) Kheda → Champaran → Dandi March → Rowlatt Satyagraha
- C) Rowlatt Satyagraha → Champaran → Kheda → Dandi March
- D) Dandi March → Kheda → Champaran → Rowlatt Satyagraha

Q38. The 'Direct Action Day' violence peaked in:
(2022, 2024)

- a) Delhi
- b) Calcutta
- c) Lahore
- d) Dhaka

Q39. Match the Gandhian movements with their years:

- | | |
|----------------|---------|
| 1. Champaran | A) 1930 |
| 2. Kheda | B) 1917 |
| 3. Dandi March | C) 1918 |
| 4. Quit India | D) 1942 |

Options:

- a) 1-B, 2-C, 3-A, 4-D
- b) 1-C, 2-B, 3-D, 4-A
- c) 1-D, 2-A, 3-B, 4-C
- d) 1-A, 2-D, 3-C, 4-B

Q40. Gandhi's 'Dandi March' violated:
(2023, 2024)

- a) Forest laws
- b) Salt Act of 1882
- c) Press regulations
- d) Arms Act

Q41. The 'Amara-Nayaka' system in Vijayanagara was similar to the:

- a) Zamindari system of Bengal
- b) Mansabdari system of Mughals
- c) Iqta system of Delhi Sultanate
- d) Jagirdari system of Rajputs

Q42. "The archaeologist found a bronze dancing girl at this site."
Which Harappan city?

- A) Harappa
- B) Mohenjo-Daro
- C) Lothal
- D) Kalibangan

Q43. The 'Azamgarh Proclamation' of 1857 is significant because it:

- a) Called for the expulsion of all Europeans from India
- b) Proposed a democratic system of governance
- c) Demanded restoration of Mughal trade monopolies
- d) Promised equal treatment to all religions

Q44. The 'Black Town' in colonial Madras primarily housed:

- a) European military personnel
- b) Mixed-race Anglo-Indian families
- c) Indian merchants and artisans
- d) Christian missionaries

Q45. The _____ Amendment established the Basic Structure doctrine.

- A) 24th
- B) 42nd
- C) 44th
- D) Kesavananda

Q46. Arrange these Mughal events:

- A) Battle of Panipat → Din-i-Ilahi → Mansabdari → Zabt
- B) Din-i-Ilahi → Zabt → Mansabdari → Panipat
- C) Mansabdari → Zabt → Panipat → Din-i-Ilahi
- D) Zabt → Panipat → Mansabdari → Din-i-Ilahi

Q47. Which of the following was the most significant consequence of the Permanent Settlement in Bengal?

- a) Increased peasant land ownership
- b) Creation of a class of absentee zamindars
- c) Decline of British revenue income
- d) Growth of subsistence farming

Q48. Vijayanagar's 'Tulabharam' ceremony demonstrated:

- A) Military strength
- B) Religious devotion
- C) King's wealth through gold weighing
- D) Tribute collection

Q49. The _____ Committee drafted the Objectives Resolution.

- A) Nehru
- B) Patel
- C) Ambedkar
- D) Prasad

Q50. "This 1946 plan proposed grouping provinces into A, B, and C sections."
Which plan is referenced?

- A) Wavell Plan
- B) Mountbatten Plan
- C) Cabinet Mission Plan
- D) Cripps Mission

Answer key:

Q.No.	Ans	Q.No.	Ans
1	a	26	B
2	B	27	b
3	b	28	A
4	a	29	B
5	b	30	b
6	C	31	B
7	b	32	b
8	b	33	b
9	A	34	b
10	a	35	B
11	d	36	B
12	C	37	A
13	b	38	b
14	d	39	a
15	b	40	b
16	B	41	c
17	c	42	B
18	b	43	d
19	A	44	c
20	b	45	D
21	b	46	A
22	a	47	b
23	B	48	C
24	c	49	A
25	b	50	C

