

CUET Geography Set-1

Year 2025

Time Allowed: **60** minutes

Maximum Marks: **250**

Total Questions: **50**

Number of questions to be answered : **50**

Kindly read the Instructions given on this Page and Back Page carefully before attempting this Question Paper.

Important Instructions for the Candidates :

1. This Test contains 50 questions printed in English. Out of these, the candidate is required to answer all 50 questions.
2. Each question has four answer options. Out of these four options choose the MOST APPROPRIATE OPTION.
3. Five (5) marks will be given for each correct answer. One (1) mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Unanswered questions will be given no mark.

Q1. Which Indian state has the highest population density (2024)? (2022, 2023, 2024)

- (a) Uttar Pradesh
- (b) Bihar
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Kerala

Q2. Assertion-Reasoning (2024):

Assertion: Human Geography integrates environmental determinism and possibilism.

Reason: It studies how humans adapt to and modify their environment.

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R explains A.
- (b) Both are true but R does not explain A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

Q3. Assertion-Reasoning (2023):

Assertion: Laterite soils are unsuitable for agriculture without fertilization.

Reason: They are rich in iron oxides but deficient in nitrogen and organic matter.

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R explains A.
- (b) Both are true but R does not explain A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

Q4. Which river basin has the highest utilizable surface water resources in India? (2022, 2023, 2024)

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Brahmaputra

(c) Godavari

(d) Indus

Q5. Arrange the following states by percentage of net sown area (highest to lowest): (2022, 2024)

(i) Punjab

(ii) Rajasthan

(iii) West Bengal

(iv) Kerala

(a) i-iii-ii-iv

(b) iii-i-ii-iv

(c) i-ii-iii-iv

(d) iii-ii-i-iv

Q6. "Human Geography is the synthetic study of the relationship between human societies and the earth's surface." Who said this?(2022, 2023, 2024)

(a) Griffith Taylor

(b) Vidal de-la-Blache

(c) Ellen C. Semple

(d) Ratzel

Q7. Which theory critiques the "Stages of Economic Growth" model by emphasizing core-periphery exploitation?

(a) Dependency Theory

(b) Central Place Theory

(c) Heartland Theory

(d) Von Thünen's Model

Q8. The concept of "gentrification" primarily affects:

(a) Rural farmlands

(b) Urban inner-city neighborhoods

(c) Coastal fishing communities

(d) Desert regions

Q9. Which factor is least likely to influence industrial location in the post-Fordist era?

(a) Proximity to raw materials

(b) Access to high-speed internet

(c) Availability of cheap labor

(d) Government tax incentives

Q10. Which of the following is a key focus of contemporary Human Geography? (2023, 2024)

(a) Only physical landforms

(b) Socio-economic disparities and urbanization

(c) Planetary geology

(d) Ocean currents

Q11. Which demographic transition stage is characterized by high birth rates and rapidly declining death rates?

(a) Stage 1

(b) Stage 2

(c) Stage 3

(d) Stage 4

Q12. "Time-space compression" in Human Geography is most closely associated with:

- (a) Globalization and digital technology
- (b) Agricultural land use patterns
- (c) Glacial erosion cycles
- (d) Plate tectonics

Q13. Arrange these states by decadal population growth rate (highest to lowest): (2022, 2024)

- (i) Bihar
- (ii) Tamil Nadu
- (iii) Rajasthan
- (iv) Andhra Pradesh

- (a) i-iii-ii-iv
- (b) iii-i-ii-iv
- (c) i-ii-iii-iv
- (d) iii-ii-i-iv

Q14. Assertion-Reasoning (2023):

Assertion: Kerala has a higher sex ratio than Haryana.

Reason: Kerala has better female literacy and healthcare.

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R explains A.
- (b) Both are true but R does not explain A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

Q15. Match the settlement type with its feature: (2023)

Compact → A. Scattered houses

Dispersed → B. Clustered around water sources

Hamleted → C. Isolated clusters

(a) 1-B, 2-A, 3-C

(b) 1-C, 2-B, 3-A

(c) 1-A, 2-C, 3-B

(d) 1-B, 2-C, 3-A

Q16. The "Blue Revolution" in India is associated with:

(a) Dairy farming

(b) Aquaculture

(c) Space technology

(d) Renewable energy

Q17. Arrange these countries in ascending order of population density (2023):

(i) Bangladesh

(ii) Canada

(iii) India

(iv) Australia

(a) ii-iv-i-iii

(b) iv-ii-iii-i

(c) ii-iv-iii-i

(d) iv-ii-i-iii

Q18. Which trade bloc includes India as a member?

- (a) ASEAN
- (b) BRICS
- (c) EU
- (d) NAFTA

Q19. The "Gini Coefficient" measures:

- (a) Population density
- (b) Income inequality
- (c) Agricultural productivity
- (d) Urban sprawl

Q20. Which is the primary reason for male-dominated rural-to-urban migration in India? (2023, 2024)

- (a) Education
- (b) Marriage
- (c) Employment
- (d) Healthcare

Q21. Which Indian river has the highest sediment load?

- (a) Godavari
- (b) Brahmaputra
- (c) Narmada
- (d) Krishna

Q22. The "Ring of Fire" is associated with:

- (a) Earthquake and volcanic zones

(b) Coral reef ecosystems

(c) Desertification

(d) Tropical cyclones

Q23. Which city is an example of a "planned city" in India? (2022, 2023, 2024)

(a) Mumbai

(b) Chandigarh

(c) Kolkata

(d) Chennai

Q24. Which river basin has the highest replenishable water utilization, supporting dense populations? (2022, 2023)

(a) Tapi

(b) Narmada

(c) Krishna

(d) Mahanadi

Q25. Which soil order dominates the Deccan Plateau?

(a) Aridisols

(b) Vertisols

(c) Laterites

(d) Alfisols

Q26. Which country is the largest producer of marine fish? (2022, 2023)

(a) Norway

(b) Japan

(c) China

(d) Peru

Q27. The "El Niño" phenomenon disrupts:

(a) Indian monsoon patterns

(b) Himalayan glacier melt

(c) Plate tectonic movements

(d) Coastal erosion rates

Q28. Which of the following is a characteristic of subsistence farming? (2022, 2024)

(a) Large-scale use of HYV seeds

(b) Production primarily for market sale

(c) Dependence on family labor

(d) Heavy mechanization

Q29. Which Indian state has the lowest sex ratio (2024)?

(a) Haryana

(b) Kerala

(c) Tamil Nadu

(d) Assam

Q30. The "Golden Quadrilateral" connects which cities?

(a) Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Kolkata

(b) Bengaluru, Hyderabad, Pune, Ahmedabad

(c) Jaipur, Lucknow, Patna, Bhubaneswar

(d) Srinagar, Thiruvananthapuram, Guwahati, Panaji

Q31. Assertion-Reasoning (2024):

Assertion: Mediterranean agriculture specializes in viticulture.

Reason: Winter rainfall and summer droughts favor grape cultivation.

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R explains A.
- (b) Both are true but R does not explain A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

Q32. Which Indian industry is classified as a "sunrise industry"?

- (a) Textiles
- (b) IT and biotechnology
- (c) Steel
- (d) Cement

Q33. The "Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana" aims to:

- (a) Promote organic farming
- (b) Expand irrigation coverage
- (c) Provide crop insurance
- (d) Develop fisheries

Q34. Arrange these mining regions by coal production (descending): (2023)

- (i) Appalachia (USA)
- (ii) Ruhr (Germany)
- (iii) Kuznetsk (Russia)
- (iv) Jharia (India)

(a) i-ii-iii-iv

(b) i-iii-ii-iv

(c) iii-i-ii-iv

(d) iv-iii-i-ii

Q35. What is the primary criticism of Rostow's Stages of Growth model?

a) It ignores technological progress

b) It assumes all countries develop similarly

c) It overemphasizes agriculture

d) It doesn't account for climate change

Q36. "Slash-and-burn agriculture is termed 'Ladang' in: (2023, 2024)

(a) Brazil

(b) Malaysia

(c) Mexico

(d) Congo

Q37. Which migration theory suggests people move to places with the best opportunities and lowest barriers?

a) Gravity Model

b) Push-Pull Theory

c) Lee's Migration Theory

d) Ravenstein's Laws

Q38. Which soil type covers the largest area in India? (2022, 2023, 2024)

(a) Alluvial

(b) Black (Regur)

(c) Red

(d) Laterite

Q39. The "Demographic Dividend" occurs when:

a) Death rates exceed birth rates

b) The working-age population is larger than dependents

c) A country reaches zero population growth

d) Urbanization rates decline

Q40. Which urban model proposes that cities develop in wedge-shaped sectors radiating outward from the CBD along transport routes?

a) Concentric Zone Model

b) Sector Model

c) Multiple Nuclei Model

d) Central Place Theory

Read the given passage carefully and answer the five questions that follow:

"The Ganga-Brahmaputra delta is the largest delta in the world, formed by the deposition of sediments carried by the Ganga and Brahmaputra rivers. It spans across India and Bangladesh, with the Sundarbans mangrove forest being a critical ecosystem. The region faces challenges like rising sea levels, soil salinity, and cyclones, impacting agriculture and human settlements."
(2024)

Q41. What is the primary cause of the Ganga-Brahmaputra delta's formation?

(a) Volcanic activity

(b) Glacial erosion

(c) Sediment deposition

(d) Tectonic uplift

Q42. Which ecosystem is highlighted in the passage?

- (a) Thar Desert
- (b) Sundarbans mangrove forest
- (c) Western Ghats rainforest
- (d) Himalayan alpine meadows

Q43. Which challenge is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- (a) Soil salinity
- (b) Deforestation
- (c) Rising sea levels
- (d) Cyclones

Q44. The delta spans across which countries?

- (a) India and Nepal
- (b) India and Bangladesh
- (c) India and Myanmar
- (d) India and Pakistan

Q45. What is the impact of soil salinity on the region?

- (a) Boosts agricultural productivity
- (b) Reduces freshwater availability
- (c) Increases biodiversity
- (d) Prevents cyclones

Read the given passage carefully and answer the five questions that follow:

"India's Jawaharlal Nehru Port (JNPT) in Maharashtra handles over 50% of the country's container traffic. It is a hub for international trade, connected to major global shipping routes. However, challenges like port congestion, outdated infrastructure, and competition from private ports like Mundra threaten its efficiency."

(2024)

Q46. What percentage of India's container traffic does JNPT handle?

- (a) 30%
- (b) 50%
- (c) 70%
- (d) 90%

Q47. Which port is mentioned as a competitor to JNPT?

- (a) Chennai Port
- (b) Kandla Port
- (c) Mundra Port
- (d) Visakhapatnam Port

Q48. The passage highlights challenges EXCEPT:

- (a) Port congestion
- (b) High tariffs
- (c) Outdated infrastructure
- (d) Competition from private ports

Q49. JNPT is located in which state?

- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Tamil Nadu

(c) Maharashtra

(d) Andhra Pradesh

Q50. What is the primary function of JNPT?

(a) Naval defense

(b) International trade

(c) Tourism

(d) Fishing

Answer key:

Q No.	Ans	Q No.	Ans
1	b	26	c
2	a	27	a
3	a	28	c
4	a	29	a
5	a	30	a
6	c	31	a
7	a	32	b
8	b	33	b
9	a	34	b
10	b	35	b
11	b	36	b
12	a	37	c
13	a	38	a
14	a	39	b
15	a	40	b
16	b	41	c
17	b	42	b
18	b	43	b
19	b	44	b
20	c	45	b
21	b	46	b
22	a	47	c
23	b	48	b
24	c	49	c
25	b	50	b